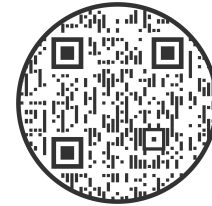


Extended|Longevity



Product Information



Inflasolve Organic Extract is a phytotherapeutic formulation combining five botanicals with deep roots in traditional herbal practice and extensive investigation in modern botanical research for their effects on inflammatory signaling pathways and oxidative stress. Inflasolve is uniquely anchored by fresh, Hawaiian-grown organic turmeric root sourced from Maui, extracted using organic cane alcohol and deep ocean mineral water through an advanced all-glass reflux apparatus, a long-duration heat and ethanol process developed to maximize the bioavailability of the resulting extract.

Curcuma longa (Turmeric) Native to South and Southeast Asia, turmeric has been a cornerstone of Ayurvedic and Traditional Chinese Medicine for thousands of years, historically prepared as a warming tonic associated with joint comfort, digestive health, and systemic balance. Researchers have extensively studied curcumin and the primary polyphenol found in *Curcuma longa* for its effects on inflammatory signaling pathways and oxidative stress, with a substantial body of peer-reviewed literature exploring its interactions with pathways associated with tissue health and cellular resilience. Scientific investigation has further examined how heat-assisted extraction methods may significantly improve curcumin's solubility and absorption characteristics.

Boswellia sacra (Sacred Frankincense) Native to the Arabian Peninsula and the Horn of Africa, frankincense has been used in traditional Ayurvedic, Arabic, and African herbal practice for thousands of years, where resin preparations were historically associated with joint comfort and systemic support. Researchers have studied boswellic acids, the primary active constituents of *Boswellia sacra* — for their effects on inflammatory enzyme pathways and cellular signaling, with peer-reviewed literature exploring their interactions with the body's natural inflammatory regulatory mechanisms.

Salix alba (White Willow Bark) White willow has been used in European and Asian herbal traditions for centuries, where bark preparations were historically associated with comfort during periods of physical discomfort and systemic inflammation. Researchers have investigated salicin which is a primary constituent of *Salix alba*, known for its interactions with the body's inflammatory signaling pathways, and botanical literature has explored how this compound and its metabolites affect prostaglandin-related processes at the cellular level.

Camellia sinensis (Green Tea) Cultivated across East and South Asia for thousands of years, green tea holds a central place in Chinese, Japanese, and Ayurvedic traditions, historically consumed as a daily tonic associated with mental clarity, vitality, and systemic wellness. Researchers have extensively studied the polyphenol profile of *Camellia sinensis*, particularly its catechin content, including EGCG which is known for effects on oxidative stress, metabolic signaling pathways, and immune-related cellular processes, making it one of the most broadly researched botanicals in contemporary nutritional science.

Cinnamomum verum (Ceylon Cinnamon) True cinnamon, native to Sri Lanka, has been traded and used in culinary and herbal traditions across South Asia, the Middle East, and Europe for thousands of years, historically prepared as a warming digestive tonic and circulatory support. Researchers have extensively studied *Cinnamomum verum* for its cinnamaldehyde and polyphenol content including phenolic acids and flavonoids examining their potential effects on oxidative stress pathways, blood sugar metabolism, and circulatory function in contemporary botanical and nutritional science.

These statements have not been evaluated by the Food and Drug Administration. This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease.