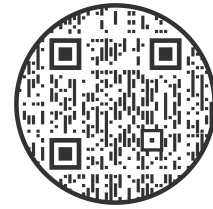


Extended|Longevity



Thyvolve™



Product Information



Thyvolve Formula is a phytotherapeutic extract combining six botanicals historically associated with immune vitality and systemic resilience. Each ingredient has been selected for its traditional role in supporting overall wellness and its investigation in modern botanical research for effects on immune function, cellular signaling, and the body's natural regulatory processes.

Selaginella involvens (Spike Moss) *Selaginella involvens* is a spore-bearing plant native to tropical and subtropical regions of Asia, where it has been incorporated into traditional botanical practices for its broadly supportive properties. Researchers have begun investigating constituents of *Selaginella involvens* particularly its biflavonoid compounds for their effects on immune-related cellular pathways and signaling processes, and modern botanical literature continues to explore this plant's mechanisms in the context of immune system function.

Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine Pollen) Scots pine is native to Eurasia and has featured in traditional botanical practices across northern Europe and Asia, where pine pollen was historically used as a nourishing, restorative supplement associated with vitality and seasonal wellness. Researchers have investigated *Pinus sylvestris* pollen for its broad micronutrient profile including amino acids, phytoandrogens, and antioxidant compounds and botanical studies have explored its potential effects on hormonal balance and cellular resilience.

Curcuma longa (Turmeric) Native to South and Southeast Asia, turmeric has been a cornerstone of Ayurvedic and Traditional Chinese Medicine for thousands of years, historically prepared as a warming tonic associated with joint comfort, digestive health, and systemic balance. Researchers have extensively studied curcumin and the primary polyphenol found in *Curcuma longa* for its effects on inflammatory signaling pathways and oxidative stress, with a substantial body of peer-reviewed literature exploring its interactions with immune-related cellular mechanisms.

Zingiber officinale (Ginger) Ginger has been used as both a culinary and medicinal plant across South Asian, East Asian, and Middle Eastern traditions for thousands of years, historically prepared as a warming tonic associated with digestive ease, circulatory support, and overall vitality. Researchers have studied bioactive compounds in *Zingiber officinale* — including gingerols and shogaols for their effects on inflammatory pathways and immune signaling, with botanical literature exploring their potential interactions with T-cell associated immune processes and cellular defense mechanisms.

Elettaria cardamomum (Cardamom) Native to the forests of southern India and Sri Lanka, cardamom has been a prized botanical in Ayurvedic tradition and South Asian culinary practice for thousands of years, historically prepared as a warming digestive and restorative tonic. Researchers have investigated *Elettaria cardamomum* as a notable plant-based source of zinc and selenium, and botanical studies have explored its volatile oils and phenolic compounds for their effects on microbial environments and antioxidant pathways.

Cinnamomum verum (Ceylon Cinnamon) True cinnamon, native to Sri Lanka, has been traded and used in culinary and herbal traditions across South Asia, the Middle East, and Europe for thousands of years, historically prepared as a warming digestive tonic and circulatory support. Researchers have extensively studied *Cinnamomum verum* for its cinnamaldehyde and polyphenol content, examining its potential effects on blood sugar metabolism, circulatory function, and oxidative stress pathways in contemporary botanical and nutritional science.

These statements have not been evaluated by the Food and Drug Administration. This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease.